



Container gardening of edibles is just one of the subjects included in the Josephine County Master Gardener Sustainable Gardening series, which offers workshops at the Josephine County Library's main branch. This grouping includes a variety of mints grown in a clawfoot bathtub. For more, see story on Page 6. Photo by Timothy Bullard of the Daily Courier.

On the cover:

Rachel Winters has created hundreds of bonsai over the years and will be teaching the basics to her "sustainable bonsai" style this fall. See page 12 for more. Photo by Timothy Bullard.

Inside

4 / HOUSING HELP FOR VETERANS

Operation Rambo, a local organization, helps vet get a house

6 / SUSTAINABLE GARDENING

Speaker series offer tips for gardening that's less harmful to the environment

7 / MANAGING PESTS

Tips on how to discourage pests and encourage desirable plants

8 / SCORE IS IMPORTANT

Good credit can be especially helpful for first-time renters

10 / DREAM HOME

Million-dollar property offers stunning views, many features

12 / BONSAI!

Learn how to cultivate dwarf trees in small containers this fall

14 / CALENDAR

A roundup of local home and garden events through September

15 / PERGOLA UPDATE

They're being used to shade outdoor entertainment areas

16 / MEMORIAL GARDENS

Honor your loved ones in a growing, peaceful and respectful way

18 / BUYING A HOME CAN BE TOUGH

Home values in more than threequarters of U.S. metro areas have climbed faster than incomes

Home & Garden

Grants Pass Daily Courier

409 S.E. Seventh St., Grants Pass, OR 97526 • www.thedailycourier.com

Editor Edith Decker 541-474-3724 • edecker@thedailycourier.com

Advertising Director Debbie Thomas 541-474-3807 • dthomas@thedailycourier.com







Rachel Winters trims a Japanese maple, Acer palmatum.

The art of bonsai: Small trees, big reward

It takes some work and patience, but end result will be worth it

Story by Kathleen Alaks

Photos by **Timothy Bullard**

rees don't have to be tall to be majestic. The trees in Rachel Winter's backyard — the gnarled trunk of a Port Orford cedar, the spreading branches of a Japanese maple, the twisted shape of an American hornbeam form a veritable forest — in miniature.

Winters practices bonsai, the art of cultivating dwarf trees in containers.

And she has been doing it for decades.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 13



This collection of mostly Japanese maples sits underneath a series of ceramic plates that Winters made depicting different trees she has seen.



- Doors Interior/Exterior
- Cabinets Kitchen & Bath
- Siding
- Moulding
- Porch Posts
- Paint Interior/Exterior
- Pine Lumber
- Spindles/Balusters
- Hardwood Lumber
- And Much More!





Family owned & operated! **Serving Southern**

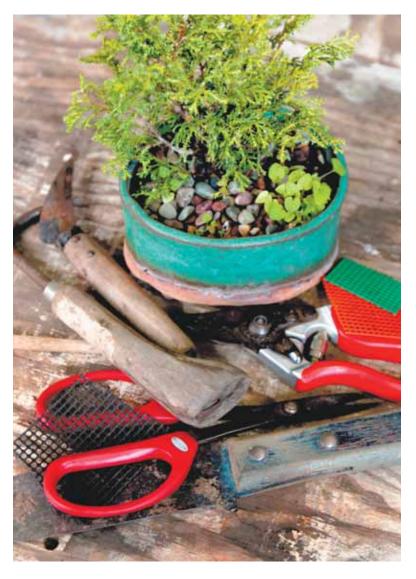
Oregon since 1991

541-830-8118 8215 15th Street • White City (Just off Ave. G) Monday-Friday 8am - 5pm, Saturday 9am - 3pm

www.BuildersBargainCenterInc.net









LEFT: Assorted tools are shown with a dwarf Chamaecyparis growing in a pot that Winters made. The tools are pruning shears and clippers, root trimmers, a screen for covering holes at the bottom of pots, a hori hori knife for collecting, and chopsticks to remove air pockets when potting up.

ABOVE: Winters has grown "a very old grove of Englemann spruce."

RIGHT: Port Orford cedar, Chamaecyparis lawsoniana, is an Oregon native. This one was grown from a cutting from a Port Orford cedar on the Big Tree Trail at Oregon Caves.



Some general tips for growing bonsai:

- Water daily, spring through fall, as long as the weather is dry. "Small pots can get really hot," Rachel Winters
- Fertilize monthly in the growing season.
- Use a shallow container with drainage holes.
- Trim regularly to maintain shape. "Keep pruning and pinching (new growth) to keep them in small pots and to keep them the size that you want," Winters says.
- Give bonsai morning sun and afternoon shade. Winters uses shade cloth to cover plants during the hottest days of summer.
- In winter, put bonsai pots on the ground — "so cold air doesn't get underneath them and freeze the soil" - and rake leaves up to the base of
- "Don't treat them like special little pets and bring them indoors in winter," she says. "They are not houseplants."
- Use gravel or a groundcover on the top of the soil. Use any groundcover that does not develop a large root mass, such as wooly thyme, corsican mint, dwarf violets or small sedum.
- Have patience.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 12

"They wouldn't let me buy Lithia Park (in Ashland) so I started doing bonsai," she jokes. "I just sort of started collecting plants and trees.'

A walk through her yard reveals hundreds of potted trees and shrubs, none more than 2 feet tall: Japanese maple, paperbark maple, trident maple, canyon maple, vine maple, cotoneaster, yew, arctic willow, Port Orford cedar, Japanese cedar, burning bush, bristlecone pine, white fir, balsam fir, Engelmann spruce, wild azalea, beech, boxwood, mountain hemlock, hawthorne, hornbeam.

"What can I say, I really love trees," she

Her property, southwest of Grants Pass, is also a home to a small nursery, Siskiyou Gardens, specializing in bonsai and unusu-

Although the word bonsai is Japanese, the art it describes originated in China. Thousands of years ago, Taoist monks would collect dwarf trees in the mountains then grow them in containers to mimic the shape and scale of full-size trees.

They used pruning and exposure of roots to give the trees a natural look.

When the monks took the practice to Japan, the Japanese made it their own, using wire to bind and shape trees and make them conform to a certain shape.

"In Japan, bonsai is very stylized, like many Japanese arts," says Winters, who prefers a more natural approach.

"My style of bonsai is sustainable bonsai," she says. "An ancient art form with

Learn how

WHAT: Basic Bonsai class **DETAILS:** Learn the art and craft of this ancient practice but with present-day sustainable methods; covers sound horticultural principles including soil health, pruning, maintenance and styling.

WHEN: 6-8 p.m. Tuesdays, Sept. 24-Oct.

WHERE: Rogue Community College, 3345 Redwood Highway, Grants Pass TUITION: \$45; registration opens Aug. 5. INFORMATION: Call 541-956-7303 or go to roguecc.edu/ContinuingEd

today's sustainable methods. They're just regular old trees living in a pot.

For people who want to try their hand at bonsai, Winters suggests starting with dwarf tree varieties, ones with "compacta," "midget" or "Tom Thumb" in their name.

Pinch new growth to keep the plant at a certain height and prune leaves and branches to train the tree to grow in a certain shape

"After you're done pruning, it's supposed to look very natural," she says.

More important though, is what you can't see.

"The below ground ecology is important," Winters says. "It's all about the roots. You want a healthy underground ecosys-

That means retaining the plants' cluster of hair roots, which feed the tree.

"It can be very easy," Winters says, "but it's not an instant gratification hobby. And you have to love trees.'

Winters is teaching a class on basic bonsai this fall at Rogue Community College.

More information is also available on her website, or by contacting her at 541-476-6243 or siskiyougardens@gmail.com; email is preferred.

